

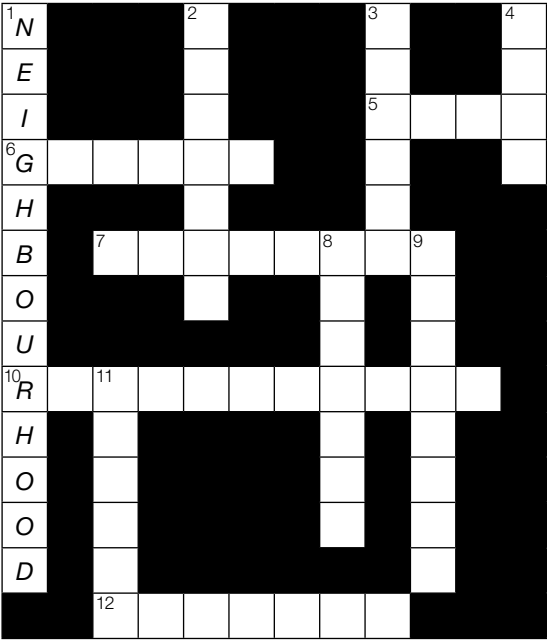
5A

Our new home

Language Summary 5, Student's Book p138

Homes VOCABULARY 5.1

1 Complete the puzzle.



- 1 an area of a town or city that people live in (13)
- 2 land which is not in towns, cities or industrial areas (7)
- 3 a small building, often next to a house, that you can put a car in (6)
- 4 the space under 5 in a house (4)
- 5 the surface that covers the top of a building (4)
- 6 the _____ floor of a building is at the same level as the outside of the building (6)
- 7 a _____ house is joined on both sides to other houses (8)
- 8 a small house, usually in the country (7)
- 9 a _____ house is not joined to any other houses (8)
- 10 a _____ area mainly has houses and not many shops, offices or factories (11)
- 11 an area on the edge of a town/city where people who work in the town/city often live (6)
- 12 a small area on the outside of a room of a house where you can stand or sit (7)

Making comparisons GRAMMAR 5.1

2 Look at the advertisements and match the places to sentences 1–8. Write C (Clapton), D (Dalston) or S (Shoreditch).

- 1 ☒ C It's far more spacious than the other two places.
- 2 ☐ It's slightly cheaper than the Clapton house.
- 3 ☐ It costs a lot more per month than the other two.
- 4 ☐ It's a bit more expensive than the Dalston house.
- 5 ☐ It's a little older than the Clapton house.
- 6 ☐ It's slightly further from the Underground than the Dalston house.
- 7 ☐ It's much closer to the Underground than the Dalston house.
- 8 ☐ It isn't as big as the others.

Clapton
Unfurnished 3-bedroom semi-detached house
150 square metres
Built in 1910
Distance to Underground: 10 mins
£1,600 pcm
[Details >](#)

Dalston
Unfurnished 2-bedroom terraced house
100 square metres
Built in 1900
Distance to Underground: 8 mins
£1,500 pcm
[Details >](#)

Shoreditch
New, furnished 3-bedroom apartment in a lively neighbourhood
110 square metres
Distance to Underground: 3 mins
£2,200 pcm
[Details >](#)

3 Glen and Bev went to see the three places. Complete their comments with these words.

smallest little much less
similar most worst
the least far as close

The Dalston house has got the ¹ smallest garden I've ever seen. It isn't ² _____ to the Underground as they said. It's very ³ _____ to our house.

The Shoreditch apartment is ⁴ _____ interesting than the others. It's ⁵ _____ more modern than the other two. It needs ⁶ _____ furniture of the three places. The Clapton house is in the ⁷ _____ neighbourhood. They're all a bit dark inside, but this one is a ⁸ _____ lighter than the other two. It's definitely the ⁹ _____ spacious of the three.

4 Glen and Bev are deciding which home to rent. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the adjectives.

GLEN I hate doing this. Everything is so expensive.
BEV Yes ... but they'll be a bit ¹ more expensive (expensive) next month.
GLEN OK. Well, let's start with the apartment. You don't really like that one, do you?
BEV Not really. It's my ² _____ (favourite) place of the three. It's just not as ³ _____ (interesting) as the other two.
GLEN And the area is far ⁴ _____ (noisy) than where we live now.
BEV So, what about the house in Clapton? It's £600 ⁵ _____ (cheap)!
GLEN And it's easily the ⁶ _____ (large) of the three.
BEV And it was definitely the ⁷ _____ (light) of the three.
GLEN But it's the ⁸ _____ (far) from the Underground.
BEV And the neighbourhood isn't great ...
GLEN So then there's the Dalston house. It's expensive for a small house, isn't it?
BEV Yes, it's a lot ⁹ _____ (fashionable) round there than it used to be.
GLEN But the rooms weren't the ¹⁰ _____ (big) I've seen ...
BEV So have we made a decision?
GLEN Well, of the two houses, I think the Clapton house is ¹¹ _____ (good) than the Dalston one, yes?
BEV I agree but ...

5B

A load of old junk

Phrasal verbs (2) VOCABULARY 5.2

1 Fill in the gaps in the conversations with the correct form of the verbs in the boxes.

throw take go

A I'm sure I left the tickets in this drawer. I'm worried someone ¹ has thrown them away.
B Have you ² _____ through the rubbish yet?
A Dad's already ³ _____ it out. I'll go and get it now.

put sort tidy

A Have you ⁴ _____ up your room yet? It was a mess earlier.
B I've just got to ⁵ _____ out some clothes on the bed. That's all.
A OK. But can you ⁶ _____ them away as well, please?

throw come clear

A Are you ⁷ _____ back tonight or are you staying at Mark's house?
B I'm not sure. Why?
A We're ⁸ _____ out the loft tomorrow. A lot of the stuff up there is yours ...
B Please don't ⁹ _____ anything away without asking me first.
A Of course not. But be back by lunchtime if you can.

The future: *will, be going to*,
Present Continuous **GRAMMAR 5.2**

2 a Match questions 1–5 to the best responses a–e.

- 1 Why aren't you having breakfast?
b
- 2 Have you asked your boss about promotion? ____
- 3 Is Tim there, please? ____
- 4 Have you done all your homework?

- 5 Why won't you lend him your laptop? ____
- a Wait a minute. I'll just check.
- b ~~Look at the time! I'm going to be late.~~
- c Because he'll break it.
- d No, but I'm not going out tomorrow night.
- e Not yet. I'm seeing him this afternoon.

b Match sentences a–e in 2a to these uses of the future.

- 1 a prediction that is a personal opinion c
- 2 a prediction based on present evidence ____
- 3 a decision made at the time of speaking ____
- 4 a plan to do something ____
- 5 an arrangement with an other person ____

3 Choose the best words.

- 1 I 'm leaving /'ll leave at five o'clock because I need to catch a train.
- 2 Don't tell my brother.
He'll/'s going to be furious.
- 3 I think I'll/'m going to get home about ten but I'm not sure.
- 4 This traffic is terrible.
We'll/'re going to be very late.
- 5 We're looking/'ll look at some houses on Saturday. Do you want to come?
- 6 **A** The kitchen is really dirty.
B Is it? OK, I'm sorting it out/'ll sort it out later.
- 7 I'm going to work/'m working a lot harder next year.

4 There is one mistake in each conversation. Write the correct sentence.

- 1 **A** Are you to looking for a flat or a house?
B We'll have to see what we can afford.
Are you looking for a flat or a house?
- 2 **A** What you are going to do with all those old clothes?
B I'll probably give them to charity.

- 3 **A** What are you doing later?
B I'm play cards so I'll be back late.

- 4 **A** I heard you're moving to the country.
B Yes, it's going be a big change.

- 5 **A** I'll calling you this evening about the meeting.
B OK. But I'm going to bed early tonight so call before nine.

- 6 **A** Mum and Dad will be furious when they see this!
B I'll to tidy it up before they come back.

5 Fill in the gaps with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Continuous, *be going to* or *'ll/will* + infinitive. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

- 1
SUE Simon ¹ 's having (have) a birthday lunch on Sunday.
MEL I know. ² _____ you _____ (go)?
SUE Yes ... I need to buy a present.
MEL Let's get something together. Maybe we ³ _____ (find) something at the market here.
SUE It ⁴ _____ (be) hard. It's mainly a load of old junk.
- 2
ELLEN Do you think we ⁵ _____ (need) any of this stuff again?
JERRY Well, I ⁶ _____ definitely _____ (not listen) to any of these CDs. They're terrible!
ELLEN Charity shop?
JERRY Maybe ... or maybe I ⁷ _____ (sell) them online.
ELLEN You ⁸ _____ (get) much money for these!
- 3
BEN What are you doing at the weekend? I ⁹ _____ (tidy) the flat. It's a mess.
PETE I'm free on Saturday. I ¹⁰ _____ (help) you.
BEN Ah. I can't do it on Saturday. I'm really sorry. I ¹¹ _____ (meet) Amy.
PETE OK. I ¹² _____ (give) you a hand on Sunday then.
BEN Hmm. I ¹³ _____ (see) my parents on Sunday.
PETE So when ¹⁴ _____ you _____ (tidy) the flat then?
BEN Maybe I ¹⁵ _____ (do) it next weekend. Are you free then?

VOCABULARY
5C AND SKILLS

Birthdays

Reading

Verb patterns (1) VOCABULARY 5.3

1 Read the article quickly. How many people are interviewed?



24-year-old woman turns six

From time to time, a report is published on the most common date for a birthday. In the USA, 5th October is often mentioned. In Britain, it's 14th November. Across the whole world, it's 19th March. However, the truth is that there are almost an equal number of birthdays on every day of the year. There ¹might be (be) a slightly larger number of births in the summer months in some countries, but there is not a consistent day or even month in which more children are born.

However, there is one day which is definitely less common than others for birthdays. Roberta Smoughton was born on this date over 24 years ago but she has only had six 'real' birthdays. Roberta is a *leapling* – someone born on 29th February – a date which only occurs every four years. "At around eight, I ²began _____ (understand) why my birthday was different. My mum ³told me _____ (choose) a day to celebrate: 28th February or 1st March. Of course, I ⁴decided _____ (celebrate) on the earlier date because I wanted my presents earlier," she laughs.

On any day there are on average 19 million people celebrating a birthday. If you're a leapling, you share your birthday with around four million people. Rod Marsden is another. "When it

isn't a leap year, I ⁵start _____ (celebrate) on 28th and finish at the end of 1st. I love being a leapling!" he says.

Graham Gartside is not quite as positive as Rod. "It sometimes drives me crazy," he says. "For example, I ⁶tried _____ (rent) a car recently online and the computer wouldn't ⁷let me _____ (enter) 29th February as my date of birth. I had to do it over the phone and it cost a lot more."

Alexis Doyle is far more positive about her birthday. "Every leap year I rent a local restaurant for the evening, have a huge party and invite everyone I know. It's become a bit of a tradition and everyone ⁸makes me _____ (feel) really special for the day. I don't count the birthdays between leap years so I guess I look a little old for my age!" Alexis says.

She didn't ⁹want _____ (tell) me her real age but she gave me a clue. "At my next party there ¹⁰will _____ (be) ten candles on the cake," she said.

2 Read the article again. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.

3 Choose the correct answers.

- 1 The article is mainly about ...
 - a what leaplings are.
 - b** people's experiences of being a leapling.
 - c when leaplings celebrate their birthday.
- 2 The article believes there are ...
 - a three popular days for birthdays.
 - b almost the same number of birthdays every day.
 - c many more birthdays in the summer than the winter.

- 3 As a child, Roberta celebrated her birthday ...
 - a on 28th February.
 - b on 29th February.
 - c on 1st March.
- 4 Rod celebrates his birthday ...
 - a for one or two days every year.
 - b for two days every year.
 - c for two or three days every year.
- 5 Alexis is probably ...
 - a less than 40 years old.
 - b 40 years old.
 - c more than 40 years old.

▶ REAL
5D WORLD

Things I need

Materials VOCABULARY 5.4

1 What is the main material usually used in these items?

~~rubber~~ plastic metal paper wool
cardboard wood glass cotton leather

- 1 a tyre rubber

2 a mirror _____

3 shoes _____

4 socks _____

5 boxes _____
- 6 a ballpoint pen _____

7 a microwave oven _____

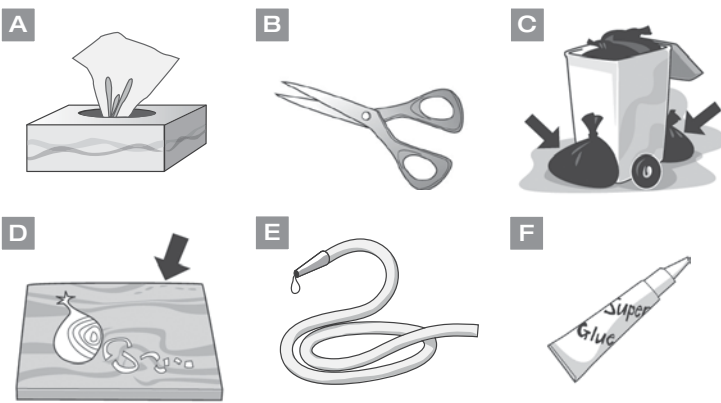
8 a jumper _____

9 a bookshelf _____

10 a magazine _____

Explaining what you need REAL WORLD 5.1

2 a Match sentences 1–6 to pictures A–F.



- 1 You use them to put rubbish in. C

2 They're things for cleaning your nose. _____

3 You use it when you want to cut vegetables. _____

4 They're things for cutting paper. _____

5 You use it to join two things when they are broken. _____

6 I'm looking for something for my garden. You use it for giving plants water. _____

b Match sentences 1–6 to pictures A–F in 2a.

- 1 They're made of metal. B

2 It's a type of liquid. _____

3 They're made of paper. _____

4 It's made of wood or sometimes plastic. _____

5 They're made of plastic. _____

6 It's made of rubber. _____

3 Fill in the gaps in the conversations with the phrases in the boxes.

~~You use them~~ Do you mean it's made of
You mean the word for what they're called
They look like It's stuff for

1
JUAN 1 You use them to start
a barbecue.
MAN 2 _____ matches?
JUAN No, I'm sorry. I can't
remember 3 _____ in English.
4 _____ white cubes.



MAN Oh, you mean 'firelighters'.
2

BIBI 5 _____ putting on food – so it stays
fresh. I'm sorry, I don't know 6 _____ it.
MAN Do you mean salt?
BIBI No, 7 _____ plastic.
MAN Ah! 8 _____
'clingfilm'.



You use You use them they're made of
What's it called you're looking for
It's a type of for cleaning

3
MARIA 9 _____ it when you make a mistake.
10 _____ liquid.
WOMAN Is this what
11 _____ ?
MARIA Yes, that's it.
12 _____ in English?



WOMAN 'Tippex' or 'correction fluid'.
4

HUGO I'm looking for
something for my shoes.
WOMAN Is it something
13 _____ them?
HUGO No, 14 _____
cotton. 15 _____ to tie your shoes.
WOMAN Oh, you mean 'shoelaces'!

