

Contents

<i>Preface</i>	x
<i>Chapter Summaries</i>	xii
<i>Acknowledgements</i>	xviii
Introduction	1
1 Evolution and Ecology: a Janus Perspective?	3
Evolutionary biology	3
Ecology	4
The emergence of a science of adaptive strategies	6
Summary	7
2 Primary Strategies: the Ideas	8
MacArthur's 'blurred vision'	9
The mechanism of convergence; trade-offs	10
The theory of <i>r</i> - and <i>K</i> -selection	11
CSR Theory	12
Summary	23
3 Primary Adaptive Strategies in Plants	25
The search for adaptive strategies	26
Theoretical work	26
Measuring variation in plant traits: screening programmes	28
Screening of plant growth rates	29
The Integrated Screening Programme	29

Further trait screening	34
The application of CSR theory	34
Virtual plant strategies	36
Summary	38
4 Primary Adaptive Strategies in Organisms Other Than Plants	40
The architecture of the tree of life	41
<i>r</i> , <i>K</i> and beyond <i>K</i>	42
Empirical evidence for three primary strategies in animals	43
The universal three-way trade-off	44
Mammalia (mammals)	46
Aves (avian theropods)	53
Squamata (snakes and lizards) (with notes on other extant reptile clades)	56
Amphibia (amphibians)	60
Osteichthyes (bony fishes)	61
Chondrichthyes (cartilaginous fishes)	65
Insecta (insects)	68
Aracnida (spiders, scorpions, mites and ticks)	72
Crustacea (crustaceans)	74
Echinodermata (sea urchins, starfish, crinoids, sea cucumbers)	75
Mollusca (snails, clams, squids)	77
Annelida (segmented worms)	79
Cnidaria (corals, sea anemones, jellyfish, hydras, sea pens)	81
Eumycota (fungi) (including notes on lichens)	83
Archaea	84
Proteobacteria	86
Firmicutes	87
Cyanobacteria	88
Viruses	90
Extinct groups	94
Universal adaptive strategy theory – the evolution of CSR and beyond <i>K</i> theories	99
First steps towards a universal methodology	100
Summary	103
5 From Adaptive Strategies to Communities	105
Plant communities	106
Productive disturbed communities	107
Productive undisturbed communities	108
Unproductive relatively undisturbed communities	111
Plant community composition	111

The humped-back model	114
Origins	114
Formulation	115
Independent confirmation and compatibility with new research	116
Species-pools, filters and community composition	121
Evidence for the action of twin filters	128
Additional mechanisms promoting diversity	132
Genetic diversity, intraspecific functional diversity and species diversity	132
Microbial communities	136
The effects of plant strategies on soil microbial communities	139
Facilitation in bacterial communities	141
Coexistence in marine surface waters	142
Novel techniques for investigating microbial adaptive strategies	142
Animal communities	144
Primary producers delimit animal diversity/productivity relationships	145
Twin filters and animal community assembly	150
Adaptive radiation and community assembly	154
Summary	160
6 From Strategies to Ecosystems	163
Back to Bayreuth	164
The Darwinian basis of ecosystem assembly	167
How do primary adaptive strategies drive ecosystem functioning?	168
The plant traits that drive ecosystems	169
The propagation of trait influences through food chains	176
Complicating factors	178
Ecosystem processes	180
Dominance and mass ratio effects	180
Fluxes and feedbacks between communities	181
Top-down control by herbivores	187
Top-down control by carnivores	189
The key role of eco-evolutionary dynamics	190
Summary	192
7 The Path from Evolution to Ecology	194
What has been learned?	194
What are the implications for conservation and management?	198
Research priorities for the next decade	199
<i>References</i>	202
<i>Organism Index</i>	235
<i>Subject Index</i>	241