

DARWIN AND THE MEMORY OF THE HUMAN

When the young Charles Darwin landed on the shores of Tierra del Fuego in 1832, he was overwhelmed: nothing had prepared him for the sight of what he called "an untamed savage." The shock he felt, repeatedly recalled in later years, definitively shaped his theory of evolution. In this original and wide-ranging study, Cannon Schmitt shows how Darwin and other Victorian naturalists transformed such encounters with South America and its indigenous peoples into influential accounts of biological and historical change. Redefining what it means to be human, they argue that the modern self must be understood in relation to a variety of pasts – personal, historical, and ancestral – conceived of as savage. Schmitt reshapes our understanding of Victorian imperialism, revisits the implications of Darwinian theory, and demonstrates the pertinence of nineteenth-century biological thought to current theorizations of memory.

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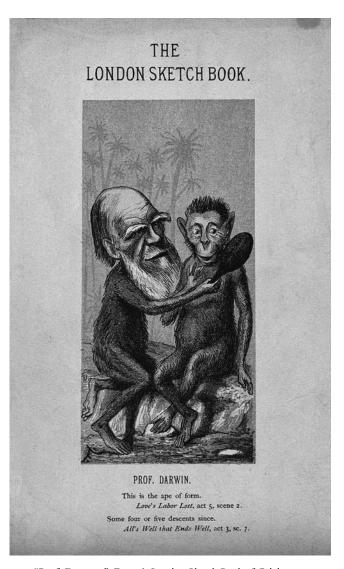
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Nineteenth-century British literature and culture have been rich fields for interdisciplinary studies. Since the turn of the twentieth century, scholars and critics have tracked the intersections and tensions between Victorian literature and the visual arts, politics, social organization, economic life, technical innovations, scientific thought - in short, culture in its broadest sense. In recent years, theoretical challenges and historiographical shifts have unsettled the assumptions of previous scholarly synthesis and called into question the terms of older debates. Whereas the tendency in much past literary critical interpretation was to use the metaphor of culture as "background," feminist, Foucauldian, and other analyses have employed more dynamic models that raise questions of power and of circulation. Such developments have reanimated the field. This series aims to accommodate and promote the most interesting work being undertaken on the frontiers of the field of nineteenth-century literary studies: work which intersects fruitfully with other fields of study such as history, or literary theory, or the history of science. Comparative as well as interdisciplinary approaches are welcomed.

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"Prof. Darwin," *Figaro's London Sketch Book of Celebrities*, February 18, 1874. Color lithograph by Faustin Betbeder. Courtesy the Wellcome Library, London.



DARWIN AND THE MEMORY OF THE HUMAN

Evolution, Savages, and South America

CANNON SCHMITT

University of Toronto





CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS
Cambridge, New York, Melbourne, Madrid, Cape Town, Singapore, São Paulo, Delhi
Cambridge University Press
The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge CB2 8RU, UK

Published in the United States of America by Cambridge University Press, New York

www.cambridge.org Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9780521765602

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First published 2009

Printed in the United Kingdom at the University Press, Cambridge

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library

Library of Congress Cataloguing in Publication data Schmitt, Cannon.

Darwin and the memory of the human : evolution, savages, and south america / Cannon Schmitt.

p. cm. – (Cambridge studies in nineteenth-century literature and culture)
 Includes bibliographical references and index.

1SBN 978-0-521-76560-2 (hardback)

1. Nature in literature. 2. Human evolution in literature. 3. Human evolution – Philosophy. 4. Darwin, Charles, 1758–1778 – Travel – South America. 5. Wallace, Alfred Russel, 1823–1913 – Travel – South America. 6. Kingsley, Charles, 1819–1875 – Travel – South America. 7. Hudson, W. H.

America. 6. Kingsley, Charles, 1819–1875 – Travel – South America. 7. Hudson, W. H. (William Henry), 1841–1922 – Travel – South America. 8. English literature – 19th century – History and criticism. I. Title. II. Series.

PR468.N3S36 2009 820.9'36—dc22 2009010964

ISBN 978-0-521-76560-2 hardback

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In Memoriam
Tabitha Beckett Chesnut, 1968–1998
James Doss Chesnut, 1941–1975
Bryant Lester Yeomans, 1921–1999



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Acknowledgements

For insights, provocations, disagreements, suggestions, references, corrections, bemusement, excitement, and more - which is just to say for all the sundry manifestations of that most important of collegial virtues, engagement - I thank David Aers, Robert Aguirre, Tim Alborn, Emily Allen, Suzy Anger, Srinivas Aravamudan, Anjali Arondekar, Ian Baucom, Sarika Chandra, Ian Duncan, Mary Favret, Dino Felluga, Jonathan Flatley, Ross Forman, Elaine Freedgood, Jared Gardner, Richard Grusin, Elaine Hadley, Nancy Henry, Beth Hewitt, Neville Hoad, Anne Humpherys, Gerhard Joseph, Amy King, John Kucich, Donna Landry, Gerald MacLean, Dwight McBride, Andrew Miller, Michael Moses, John Plotz, Maureen Quilligan, Ben Schmidt, Alan Schrift, Peter Stallybrass, Marianna Torgovnick, and Priscilla Wald. Lee Sterrenburg introduced me to Darwin in the first place. New colleagues at the University of Toronto have extended an unusually warm welcome to their (now, happily, our) vibrant intellectual community; I offer them all my gratitude. For interest in and help with this project in particular, Alan Bewell, Michael Cobb, Brian Corman, Deidre Lynch, Jill Matus, Paul Stevens, and Sarah Wilson merit special mention. Terrific students at Duke University, Wayne State University, and the University of Toronto contributed more than they know, especially Kristine Danielson, Ryan Dillaha, Nihad Farooq, Melissa Free, Jacques Khalip, Justin Prystash, Sarah Ruddy, and Michael Schmidt. I refined several claims in response to sharp questions from audiences at the University of Pennsylvania, the City University of New York Graduate Center, the State University of New York at Binghamton, the University of Chicago, and a number of conferences. At Cambridge University Press, Gillian Beer and Linda Bree showed a heartening enthusiasm for the project, and Maartje Scheltens set a high standard of efficiency and professionalism. Anonymous readers for the Press made the book better than it would have been without them.



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Acknowledgements

My institutional debts are legion. A Harris Fellowship from Grinnell College and a Career Development Chair from Wayne State University provided invaluable time; grants from the National Endowment for the Humanities, Grinnell College, Duke University, the Trent Memorial Foundation, Wayne State University, and the University of Toronto, crucial funding; and the Newberry Library, Chicago, a congenial place to work at an early stage. The Bibliothèque nationale de France, the British Library, the New York Public Library, the Wellcome Library, London, and various other such astounding storehouses contributed their share, but I don't know how I could have finished the book without the history of science collections at the Thomas Fisher Rare Book Library, University of Toronto – above all the Darwin Collection, initially assembled by Richard B. Freeman and assiduously developed over the years by the Fisher's director, Richard Landon.

An earlier version of chapter I appeared as "Darwin's Savage Mnemonics," *Representations* 88 (Fall 2004): 55–80. © 2005 by the Regents of the University of California. Permission to reprint is gratefully acknowledged.

One of my beloved and influential aunts, Saralyn Chesnut, tells a story about how in childhood her older brothers, one of whom was my father, liked to tease her with vocabulary she hadn't yet learned. "You have ancestors," they would say accusingly - to which she would reply, scandalized, "No I don't!" At the end of writing a book about, among other things, the scandal (but also the pleasure) of having to acknowledge certain ancestors and relatives, I am put in mind of how much is due members of my family, both those no longer with us and those who remain. It is to the memory of three of them, my brother, Tabby Beckett Chesnut, my father, James Doss Chesnut, and my maternal grandfather, B. L. Yeomans, that the book is dedicated. Helen Chesnut, my paternal grandmother, leaves a void as well. Much love, thanks, and appreciation go to Saralyn; Rebecca Yeomans, my other beloved and influential aunt; Sally Yeomans, my maternal grandmother; and my indefatigably loving and supportive stepfather, Jack Schmitt, and mother, Zebe Schmitt. Dana Seitler emboldened me to write the book I wanted to rather than the one I thought I should. Beyond that, and beyond being my toughest critic and most reliable friend, she continues to reveal the ways in which this seemingly all-too-explored world brims with possibility. Finally, for the wonder of our son Beckett there are no words. As the figures I write about find themselves doing so often, I will simply have to take refuge in observing that some things, the most momentous, are ineffable – and leave it at that.